1. PATIENT IDENTIFICATION

2. COMPLETE STAGING SUMMARY at top right.

3. Indicate months from first exam (see original staging form).

4. Measure/locate PRIMARY tumor, record results. Check (√) appropriate adjectives which describe tumor. TNM categories common to all tumor types are listed in sections 4, 5, 6.

5. Examine and locate local/regional LYMPH NODE(s) examined, and Check (√) appropriate adjectives which describe nodes.

6. Check (√) location of distant METASTASIS(es).

7. Check (√) DIAGNOSTIC METHODS used or planned.

8. Check (√) appropriate PERFORMANCE STATUS.

9. Check (√) appropriate THERAPEUTIC RESPONSE (re-examinations).

10. Find and complete appropriate STAGING CLASSIFICATION.

11. DIAGRAM location of tumor if schematic is available.

7. HEMATOLOGY

- CBC
- Buffy Coat
- Bone marrow
- Reticulocytes
- Coagulogram
- Platelet count
- Other

7. BIOCHEMISTRY

- Biochemistry
- Glucose
- Calcium
- Fecal Occult Blood
- Electrophoresis
- Serum
- Urine
- Other

7. IMAGING

- Primary Tumor
- Thoracic Survey
- Abdominal Survey
- Bone Survey
- Scintigraphy
- CT Scan
- Other

7. SEROLOGY

- FIV
- FeLV
- Other

7. PRIMARY TUMOR DIAGNOSED BY:

- Cytology
- Invasive Biopsy
- Excisional Biopsy
- Other

7. METASTATIC SITE(S) DIAGNOSED BY:

- Clinical
- Radiography
- Histopathology
- Other

8. PERFORMANCE STATUS

- "0" Normal: able to perform at predisease level
- "1" Restricted: decreased activity, but able to perform and function acceptably as a pet \[\text{Compromised: ambulatory only to the point of eating, sleeping and consistently defecating and urinating in acceptable areas} \]
- "3" Disabled: Must be force fed; unable to confines eliminations to acceptable areas
- "4" Dead: Dead

9. RESPONSE - (COMPARE TO 1ST ADMISSION OR POST-THERAPY STAGE)

- CR (Complete response): Disappearance of all clinical evidence of cancer
- PR (Partial response): greater than or equal to 50% reduction (sum of products of 3 diameters)
- SD (Stable Disease): Reduction less than 50%; no new lesions or worsening signs
- PD (Progressive Disease): greater than or equal to 25% inc. size of primary or new lesion
- R (relapse) new lesions seen after CR, PR

*COMMENTS
MAMMARY CANINE & [FELINE]
Indicating largest diameter [cm]
in each: 1 2 3 4 5
Rt. chain ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
Lt. chain ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

T0 None found
T1 3cm [1cm]
T2 3-5cm [1-3cm]
T3 5cm [3cm]
T4 Inflammatory carcinoma
  a) not fixed to skin
  b) fixed to skin
  c) fixed to muscle

N1 Ipsilateral inguinal axillary
N1a not fixed ( ) ( )
N1b fixed ( ) ( )
N2 bilateral
N2a not fixed ( ) ( )
N2b fixed ( ) ( )
(-) histologically negative
(+ ) histologically positive

Dorsal View

VENTRAL VIEW

Mammary - Stage Grouping
I - T1a-c, N0,1-2a(-) M0
II - T0,1a-c, N1(+ ) M0
   T2a-c N0(+ ),1a(+ ) M0
III - Any T3 Any N M0
   Any T Any Nb M0
IV - Any T Any N M1

EPIDERMAL/DERMAL
T1 2cm superficial/exophytic
T2 2.5cm minimum invasion
T3 5cm or invading subcutis
T4 Invading fascia, bone etc.

MAST CELL TUMOR
I - Solitary dermal tumor
II - Solitary dermal tumor & LN
III - Multiple dermal tumors
IV - Any tumor & distant metastasis(es)
   a) - no systemic signs present
   b) - systemic signs present

HEAD, NECK & RESPIRATORY

NASAL
T1 Ipsilateral with minimum
 or no bone involvement
  T2 Bilateral or bone involved
T3 Invading adjacent tissue

Nasal

Lips and Oropharynx

CANINE & FELINE LIPS
T1 2cm superficial/exophytic
T2 2cm minimum invasion
T3 2cm or invading
T4 Invading bone

TRACHEA & LUNG
TX Malig. Cells, Unseen Tumor
T1 Surrounded by normal lung
  T2 Multiple, any size
T3 Invading adjacent tissue

Larynx, Trachea, Lung

ORAL/BUCCAL CAVITY
T1 2cm
T2 2-4cm minimum invasion
T3 4cm
  a) no bone invasion
  b) bone invasion

Stage Grouping Oral/Buccal
I - T1, N0,1-2a, M0
II - T2, N0,1-2a, M0
III - T3*, N0,1-2a, M0
   Any T, N1b, M0
IV - Any T, Any N2b,3 M0
   Any T, Any N, M1

* Any bone involvement

OROPHARYNX (TONSIL)
T1 Superficial/exophytic
T2 Invasion tonsil only
T3 Invading surrounding tissue
LYMPHOID, HEMOPOIETIC, AND ENDOCRINE

LYMPHOID & HEMOPOIETIC
Anatomic Type:
A. Generalized
B. Nutritional
C. Thymic
D. Skin
E. Leukemia (blood/marrow)
F. Other: _____________________________

Stage Grouping
I - Single node or organ
II - L.N. confined either side diaphragm
III - Generalized nodes
IV - Liver a/o spleen ± III
V - Blood/Marrow ± I - IV
   a) - without systemic signs
   b) - with systemic signs

THYROID
T1 less than 2cm
T2 2.5cm
T3 greater than 5cm
   a) not fixed
   b) fixed

   N1a Involved ipsilateral fixed
   N1b Involved ipsilateral fixed
   N2a Involved bilateral fixed
   N2b Involved bilateral fixed

Stage Grouping - Thyroid
I - T1a,b, N0-2a(-), M0
II - T0-1a,b, N1(+), M0
   T2a,b, N0-1a(+), M0
III - Any T3, Any N, M0
     Any T, Any Nb

   IV - Any T, Any N, M1

BONES & JOINTS

BONE
T1 Within medulla and cortex
T2 Extends beyond periosteum

JOINTS, TENDONS SHEATHS
T1 Well-defined, no invasion
T2 Tumor invading soft tissue
T3 Invading bone or joint

ADRENAL
T1 Well-defined, no invasion
T2 Tumor invading adjacent
T3 Invading blood vessels

   N1 RLN involved

ALIMENTARY, LIVER, PANCREAS

ESOPHAGUS
T1 Esophagus only
T2 Invading surrounding tissue
   a) cranial half
   b) caudal half

   N1 RLN involved

STOMACH
T2 Not invading serosa
T3 Invading serosa
T4 Invading surrounding tissue

   N1 RLN involved
   N2 Distant LN involved

INTESTINES
T1 Not invading serosa
T2 Invading serosa
T3 Invading surrounding tissue

   N1 RLN involved
   N2 Distant LN involved

PANCREAS
T1 Size: ______________________________

   N1 RLN involved
   N2 Distant LN involved

   M1a Peritoneal metastasis
   M1b Distant metastasis

LIVER
T1 Tumor involving 1 lobe
T2 Tumor involving 1 lobe
T3 Tumor invading adj. structures

   N1 RLN involved (hep. & diaph.)
   N2 Distant LN involved
GENITAL SYSTEM

OVARY
T1 Limited to 1 ovary
T2 Limited to both ovaries
T3 Invading ovarian bursa
T4 Invading surrounding tissue

N1 RLN involved

M1a Peritoneal metastasis
M1b Distant metastasis(es)
M1c Peritoneal & distant metastasis(es)

UTERUS
T1 Small non-invasive tumor
T2 Large or invasive tumor
T3 Invading surrounding tissue
N1 Pelvic RLN involved
N2 Para-aortic RLN involved

M1a Peritoneal metastasis
M1b Distant metastasis(es)
M1c Peritoneal & distant metastasis(es)

VAGINA & VULVA
T1 less than 1 cm
T2 1-3 cm minimal invasion
T3 greater than 3 cm
T4 Invading adjacent tissue
N1 Movable ipsilateral
N2 Movable contralat or bilateral
N3 Fixed Nodes

TESTIS
T1 Testis only
T2 Invading tunica albuginea
T3 Invading rete or epididymus
T4 Invading s. cord or scrotum

N1 Ipsilateral RLN involved
N2 Contralat or bilateral RLN involved

PROSTATE
T1 Surrounded by normal gland
T2 Diffuse intracapsular
T3 Extends beyond capsule
T4 Fixed, invading adjacent

N1 RLN involved
N2 RLN & juxta RLN involved

PENIS, PREPUCE, GLANS
T1 less than 1 cm, superficial
T2 1-3 cm minimal invasion
T3 greater than 3 cm or deep invasion
T4 Invading adjacent tissue

UROLOGICAL SYSTEM

KIDNEY
T1 Small, no deformation
T2 Solitary with enlargement
T3 Invading perinephric tissue
T4 Invading organ or body wall

N1 Ipsilateral RLN involved
N2 Bilateral RLN involved
N3 Distant LN involved

URINARY BLADDER
T1 Superficial papillary
T2 In bladder wall, induration
T3 Invading surrounding tissue or organs

N1 RLN involved
N2 RLN & juxta RLN involved