1. PATIENT IDENTIFICATION		TF DEPAR ME VE UNI	(UNIVERSAL) ARATIVE ONCOLOGY UI ANIMAL CANCER REATMENT PROGRAM TMENT OF SMALL ANIM DICINE AND SURGERY COLLEGE OF ETERINARY MEDICINE VERSITY OF MISSOURI (314) 882-7821	Clinician: Staged By: Staging Da ( ) First A ( ) Post-tl ( ) Reche Months Sin	te:
<ol> <li>INSTRUCTIONS</li> <li>Imprint or write PATIENT IDENTIFICATION.</li> <li>Complete STAGING SUMMARY at top right.</li> <li>Indicate months from first exam (see original staging form).</li> <li>Measure/locate PRIMARY tumor, record results. Check (√) appropriate adjectives which describe tumor. TNM categories common to all tumor types are listed in sections 4,5,&amp;6.         Additional categories related to specific individual tumor types are found under appropriate anatomical headings.</li> <li>Examine and locate local/regional LYMPH NODE(s) examined, and Check (√) appropriate adjectives which describe nodes.</li> <li>Check (√) DIAGNOSTIC METHODS used or planned.</li> <li>Check (√) appropriate PERFORMANCE STATUS.</li> <li>Check (√) appropriate THERAPEUTIC RESPONSE (re-examinations)</li> <li>Find and complete appropriate STAGING CLASSIFICATION</li> <li>DIAGRAM location of tumor if schematic is available</li> <li>* or OTHER information should be written under COMMENTS.</li> </ol>		ned, and minations) N	7. PRIMARY TUMOR D  ( ) Cytology ( ) Invasive B	( ) CBC ( ) Biochemistry ( ) Primary Turn ( ) Buffy Coat ( ) Glucose ( ) Thoracic Sur ( ) Bone marrow ( ) Calcium ( ) Abdominal ( ) Reticulocytes ( ) Fecal Occult Blood ( ) Survey ( ) Cagulogram ( ) Serum ( ) Scintigraphy ( ) Other* ( ) Urine ( ) CT Scan ( ) Echo/Ultrase ( ) Other* Scan of:*  7. SEROLOGY ( ) FIV ( ) FeLV *Other Isotope used:*  7. PRIMARY TUMOR DIAGNOSED BY: METASTATIC SITE(S) DIAGNOSEI ( ) Cytology ( ) Clinical ( ) Invasive Biopsy ( ) Radiography ( ) Excisional Biopsy ( ) Histopathology	
4. PRIMARY TUMOR  ( ) T0 No Tumor found ( ) Tis Preinvasive CA in situ. ( ) T?m Multiple tumors (n)	<ul> <li>8. PERFORMANCE STATUS</li> <li>( ) "0" Normal: able to perform at predisease level</li> <li>( ) "1" Restricted: decreased activity, but able to perform and function acceptably as a pet</li> <li>( ) "2" Compromised: ambulatory only to the point of eating, sleeping and consistently defecating and urinating in acceptable areas</li> <li>( ) "3" Disabled: Must be force fed; unable to confine eliminations to acceptable areas.</li> <li>( ) "4" Dead: Dead</li> </ul>				
( ) Movable ( ) Encapsulated ( ) Ulcerated ( ) Infiltrative ( ) Fixed/skin ( ) Fixed/fascia  5. REGIONAL LYMPH NODES (RLN) ( ) N0 No evidence of tumor found ( ) NR RLN removed previously ( ) N1 Movable ipsilateral ( ) N2 Movable contra- or bilat ( ) N3 Fixed Nodes ( ) a) No tumor cells found ( ) b) Tumor cells found ( ) Cytology or ( ) Biopsy	( ) CR (Complet ( ) PR (Partial r ( ) SD (Stable D	te response): esponse): gre isease): Redu ive Disease):	O 1ST ADMISSION OR P Disappearance of all clinic eater than or equal to 50% ction less than 50%; no ne greater than or equal to 25 seen after CR, PR.	cal evidence of cancer % reduction (sum of w lesions or worsenir	r. products of 3 diameters). ng signs.
6. DISTANT METASTASIS: ( ) M0 None found ( ) M1 Distant mets found in: ( ) Lung, ( ) Brain, ( ) Liver, ( ) Marrow, ( ) Peritoneum, ( ) Bone, ( ) Kidney, ( ) Heart, ( ) Skin/SQ, ( ) Pleura, Other*			•		

CANCER STAGING FORM

	MAMMARY, SK	N, MAST CELL	
MAMMARY CANINE & [FELINE] Indicating largest diameter [cm] in each: 1 2 3 4 5 Rt. chain ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) Lt. chain ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )  TO None found T1 3cm [1cm] T2 3-5cm [1-3cm] T3 5cm [3cm] T4 Inflammatory carcinoma a) not fixed to skin b) fixed to skin c) fixed to muscle  N1 Ipsilat- inguinal axillary N1a not fixed ( ) ( ) N1b fixed ( ) ( ) N2 bilateral N2a not fixed ( ) ( ) N2b fixed ( ) ( ) N2b fixed ( ) ( ) ( - ) histologically negative ( + ) histologically positive	Dorsal View	Ventral View	Mammary - Stage Grouping  I - Tla-c, N0,1-2a(-) M0  II - T0,1a-c, N1(+) M0  T2a-c N0(+),1a(+) M0  III - Any T3 Any N M0  Any T Any Nb  IV - Any T Any N M1  EPIDERMAL/DERMAL  T1 2cm superficial/exophytic T2 2-5cm minimum invasion T3 5cm or invading subcutis T4 Invading fascia, bone etc.  MAST CELL TUMOR  I - Solitary dermal tumor II - Solitary dermal tumors IV - Any tumor & distant metastasis(es) a) - no systemic signs present b) - systemic signs present
	HEAD, NECK &	RESPIRATORY	
NASAL T1 Ipsilateral with mininum or no bone involvment T2 Bilateral or bone involved T3 Invading adjacent tissue	Nasal	Lips and Oropharynx	CANINE & FELINE LIPS T1 2cm superficial/exophytic T2 2cm minimum invasion T3 2cm or invading T4 Invading bone  ORAL/BUCCAL CAVITY T1 2cm T2 2-4cm minimum invasion T3 4cm a) no bone invasion b) bone invasion Stage Grouping Oral/Buccal I - T1, N0,1-2a, M0 II - T2, N0,1-2a, M0
TRACHEA & LUNG TX Malig. Cells, Unseen Tumor T1 Surrounded by normal lung T2 Multiple, any size T3 Invading adjacent tissue  N1 RLN involved (bronchial) N2 Distant LN involved	Larynx, Trachea, Lung		III - T3*, N0,1-2a, M0 Any T, N1b, M0 IV - Any T, Any N2b,3 M0 Any T, Any N, M1  * Any bone involvement  OROPHARYNX (TONSIL) T1 Superficial/exophytic T2 Invasion tonsil only T3 Invading surrounding tissue

# LYMPHOID, HEMOPOIETIC, AND ENDOCRINE

## LYMPHOID & HEMOPOIETIC

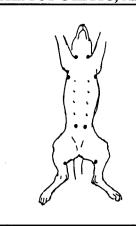
Anatomic Type:

- A. Generalized
- B. Alimentary
- C. Thymic
- D. Skin
- E. Leukemia (blood/marrow)
- F. Other:

**BONE** 

#### Stage Grouping

- I Single node or organ
- II L.N. confined either side diaphragm
- III Generalized nodes
- IV Liver a/o spleen ± III
- V Blood/Marrow ± I IV
  - a) without systemic signs
  - b) with systemic signs

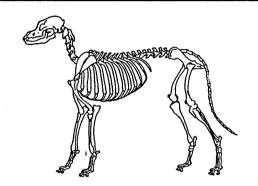


# **BONES & JOINTS**

## T1 Within medulla and cortex T2 Extends beyond periosteum

## JOINTS, TENDONS, SHEATHS

- T1 Well-defined, no invasion
- T2 Tumor invading soft tissue
- T3 Invading bone or joint



#### THYROID

- T1 less than 2cm
- T2 2-5cm
- T3 greater than 5cm
  - a) not fixed
  - b) fixed

N1a Involved ipsilat not fixed

- Nlb Involved ipsilat fixed
- N2a Involved bilat not fixed
- N2b Involved bilat fixed

## Stage Grouping - Thyroid

- I-Tla,b, N0-2a(-), M0
- II T0-1a,b, N1(+), M<sub>0</sub>
  - N0-1a(+), M0 T2a.b.
- III Any T3, Any N. M0
- Any T, Any Nb
- IV Any T, Any N, M1

#### ADRENAL

- T1 Well-defined, no invasion
- T2 Tumor invading adjacent
- T3 Invading blood vessels
- N1 RLN involved

# ALIMENTARY, LIVER, PANCREAS

#### **ESOPHAGUS**

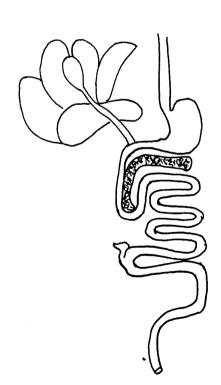
- T1 Esophagus only
- T2 Invading surrounding tissue
  - a) cranial half
  - b) caudal half
- N1 RLN involved

### **STOMACH**

- T2 Not invading serosa
- T3 Invading serosa
- T4 Invading surrounding tissue
- N1 RLN involved
- N2 Distant LN involved

## **INTESTINES**

- T1 Not invading serosa
- T2 Invading serosa
- T3 Invading surrounding tissue
- N1 RLN involved
- N2 Distant LN involved



#### **PANCREAS**

- T1 Site: \_
- N1 RLN involved
- N2 Distant LN involved
- Mla Peritoneal metastasis
- M1b Distant metastasis

#### LIVER

- T1 Tumor involving 1 lobe
- T2 Tumor involving 1 lobe
- T3 Tumor invading adj. structures
- N1 RLN involved (hep. & diaph.)
- N2 Distant LN involved

## **GENITAL SYSTEM**

### OVARY

T1 Limited to 1 ovary

T2 Limited to both ovaries

T3 Invading ovarian bursa

T4 Invading surrounding tissue

N1 RLN involved

.....

Mla Peritoneal metastasis

M1b Distant metastasis(es)

M1c Peritoneal & distant metastasis(es)

#### UTERUS

T1 Small non-invasive tumor

T2 Large or invasive tumor

T3 Invading surrounding tissue

N1 Pelvic RLN involved

N2 Para-aortic RLN involved

Mla Peritoneal metastasis

M1b Distant metastasis(es)

M1c Peritoneal & distant metastasis(es)

## VAGINA & VULVA

T1 less than 1cm

T2 1-3cm minimal invasion

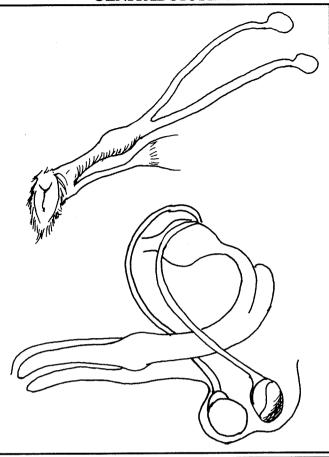
T3 greater than 3cm

T4 Invading adjacent tissue

N1 Movable ipsilateral

N2 Movable contralat or bilateral

N3 Fixed Nodes



## TESTIS

Tl Testis only

T2 Invading tunica albugenia

T3 Invading rete or epididymus

T4 Invading s. cord or scrotum

N1 Ipsilateral RLN involved

N2 Contralat or bilateral RLN

#### **PROSTATE**

T1 Surrounded by normal gland

T2 Diffuse intracapsular

T3 Extends beyond capsule

T4 Fixed, invading adjacent

N1 RLN involved

N2 RLN & juxta RLN involved

## PENIS, PREPUCE, GLANS

Tl less than 1cm, superficial

T2 1-3cm minimal invasion

T3 greater than 3cm or deep invasion

T4 Invading adjacent tissue

# **UROLOGICAL SYSTEM**

## KIDNEY

T1 Small, no deformation

T2 Solitary with enlargement

T3 Invading perinephric tissue

T4 Invading organ or body wall

N1 Ipsilateral RLN involved

N2 Bilateral RLN involved

N3 Distant LN involved

## URINARY BLADDER

T1 Superficial papillary

T2 In bladder wall, induration

T3 Invading surrounding tissue or organs

N1 RLN involved

N2 RLN & juxta RLN involved

